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BOX: PATENT APPLICATION

Assistant Commissioner for Patents
Washington, D.C. 20231

Re: Application of Koichi SAKAMOTO
SYSTEM FOR AND METHOD OF PRINTING IMAGE ACCORDING TO CONTROLLED STATE OF
USER MONITOR
Our Reference: Q50138

Dear Sir:

Attached hereto is the application identified above including the specification, claims, executed Declaration and Power of Attorney, eleven (11) sheets of drawings, one (1) priority document, Information Disclosure Statement, PTO Form 1449 with references, executed Assignment and PTO Form 1595.

The Government filing fee is calculated as follows:

Total Claims	19 - 20 =	0 x \$22 =	\$ 000.00
Independent Claims	2 - 3 =	0 x \$82 =	\$ 000.00
Base Filing Fee	(\$790.00)		\$ 790.00
Multiple Dep. Claim Fee	(\$270.00)		\$ 000.00
TOTAL FILING FEE			\$ 790.00
Recordation of Assignment Fee			\$ 40.00
TOTAL U.S. GOVERNMENT FEE			\$ 830.00

Checks for the statutory filing fee of \$ 790.00 and Assignment recordation fee of \$ 40.00 are attached. You are also directed and authorized to charge or credit any difference or overpayment to Deposit Account No. 19-4880. The Commissioner is hereby authorized to charge any fees under 37 C.F.R. 1.16 and 1.17 and any petitions for extension of time under 37 C.F.R. 1.136 which may be required during the entire pendency of the application to Deposit Account No. 19-4880. A duplicate copy of this transmittal letter is attached.

Priority is claimed from:

Japanese Patent Application

233415/1997

Filing Date

August 29, 1997

Respectfully submitted,
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Attorneys for Applicant(s)

By

Darryl Mexic

Registration No. 23,063

DM:rtw

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TO ALL WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

BE IT KNOWN THAT I, KOICHI SAKAMOTO, residing in Asaka-shi, Saitama, Japan, a citizen of Japan, have invented certain new and useful improvements in SYSTEM FOR AND METHOD OF PRINTING IMAGE ACCORDING TO CONTROLLED STATE OF USER MONITOR of which the following is a specification.

1

SYSTEM FOR AND METHOD OF PRINTING IMAGE
ACCORDING TO CONTROLLED STATE OF USER MONITOR

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

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Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to an image print system and an image print method, and more particularly to an image print system and an image print method which are preferably applied for printing at a server image data that are transmitted from any multiple users to the server through a telecommunications network such as the Internet.

10

Description of the Background Art

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Recently, digital image pickup devices such as electronic still cameras have been spreading which can store and output picked-up images in the form of digital image data. The image data produced from such image pickup devices can be processed and edited by a processor like a personal computer. The image data provided in a processor can be edited to desired images as being viewed on a display device such as a CRT (cathode-ray tube), and the image data representing an edited image are supplied to a printer, e.g. a high resolution printer, to be printed, for example.

30

Since there are a lot of types of image pickup devices, printers and display devices with various characteristics, the processors must meet various demands of these device types so as to achieve image processings and reproduce images as desired by the users.

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1 Conventional color processing systems or
methods for handling such digital images are proposed,
for example, in Japanese patent laid-open publication
Nos. 54176/1994 and 320770/1996. The '176 publication
5 discloses a technique that computes parameters for
mapping image data from an input device like a scanner
onto the color space of a computer and parameters for
mapping image data fed from the computer onto the color
space of an output device like a printer, and supplies
10 the resultant parameters to a device driver, which
in turn transforms the image data in its entirety.
This enables the image data to be processed with
reference to the standard color space independently of
an application.

15 The '770 publication proposes a system
comprising image input devices and image output devices
such as a printer, which are selectably connected to an
image processor through a general purpose interface,
20 wherein image input devices are set with image
processing data which match the image output
characteristics of the image output devices, and the
image processor selects the image processing data which
can be used by the image input devices and match the
25 image output device in use. This makes it possible to
connect various types of image input devices and image
output devices, and to obtain images in a picture
quality associated with the characteristics of those
devices.

30 The foregoing conventional techniques,
however, have a problem in that they cannot implement
accurate color or gradation reproduction unless the

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1 input and output devices are placed in a default state,
that is, in a standard condition. For example, the
'176 publication assumes, when printing a color image
5 are calibrated in advance in a predetermined method so
that the printed result will agree with the image as
viewed on the monitor. Thus, the monitor must process
the image data, and supplies the printer with the
processed data with its controlled state maintained.

10

More specifically, in a system that includes
a lot of client systems and a server, which are
interconnected through a telecommunications network
like the Internet, it depends on the controlled state
15 of the monitor of the client system whether or not an
image is edited as the user desires. For example, when
the monitor of the user is in its default state, the
server can readily reproduce and print an image as the
user desired only if the server is supplied with
20 information on the monitor used along with the image
data. However, if the user sets the intensity of the
monitor at its higher level, and requests the server to
print the image in its darker tone, then the actual
print becomes darker than the user expected during its
25 editing, resulting in an undesired printed picture.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

30 It is therefore an object of the present
invention to solve the problem of the conventional
techniques, thereby providing an image print system and
a method capable of reproducing images accurately
according to the controlled state of a user's display
device, thereby producing printed pictures as the user

1 desires.

According to an aspect of the present invention, there is provided an image print system comprising: a first processor for receiving an original image data representing an original image of an object from an image pickup device picking up the original image, and processing the original image data, the first processor including a display device for displaying an image based on the original image data for the confirmation of the image; and a second processor connected with a printer for receiving the original image data from the first processor, performing a print processing on the original image data, and supplying the printer with image data obtained in the print processing. The first processor includes: a display processor for displaying a reproduced image, which represents an image to be printed, on the display device in accordance with the original image data, and for displaying on the display device a reference image for the detection of a controlled state of a screen of the display device; and a data transmitter for receiving, from the image pickup device, reference image data which are produced by the image pickup device capturing the reference image displayed on the display device, and for transmitting the reference image data and the original image data. The second processor receives the reference image data sent from the first processor, restores, using the reference image data received, a display state of the reproduced image displayed on the display device, generates print image data representing a print image from image data associated with the

1 restored display state, and supplies the printer with
the print image data.

5 The image print system may advantageously
comprise a client-server system interconnecting the
first processor and the second processor by a
communication line. The display processor may display
on the display device the reproduced image in a
gradation matching to a gradation of the printer
10 connected to the second processor.

15 The display processor may receive information
representing the gradation of the printer from the
second processor over the communication line, and may
display on the display device the reproduced image in
the gradation provided by the information received.

20 The display processor may be provided with
information on the gradation of the printer through a
storage medium, and may display on the display device
the reproduced image in the gradation obtained from the
information provided through the storage medium.

25 The data transmitter may transmit to the
second processor information on device types of the
display device and the image pickup device, besides the
original image data and the reference image data.

30 The second processor may comprise a data
transformer for sequentially executing a processing
which includes a first transformation of transforming
the original image data in accordance with
characteristics associated with the device type of the

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1 image pickup device, a second transformation of
transforming the transformed data in the first
transformation in accordance with characteristics
associated with the device type of the display device,
5 a third transformation of transforming the transformed
data in the second transformation in accordance with
the display state provided by the reference image data,
and a fourth transformation of transforming the
transformed data in the third transformation in
10 accordance with characteristics of the printer.

The first processor may further comprise an
editor for editing the original image into a desired
image, and may transmit to the second data processor
15 information which the editor generates together with
the original image data.

According to another aspect of the present
invention, there is provided a method of printing an
image, comprising the steps of: capturing an original
20 image by an image pickup device; displaying the
original image captured by the image pickup device on a
display device as a reproduced image; displaying on a
screen of the display device a reference image for
25 detection of a controlled state of the display device;
capturing the reference image displayed on the screen
by the image pickup device to produce reference image
data; estimating a displayed state of the reproduced
image displayed on the display device from the
30 reference image data; restoring print image data
representing a print image associated with the
reproduced image on the basis of the estimated,
displayed state of the reproduced image to be displayed

1 on a server monitor; performing a printing processing
on the print image data; and printing an image
represented by the print image data performed with the
printing processing.

5

In the method, the reference image may
advantageously comprise a picture pattern representing
gradation levels.

10

The image print method may further comprise
the step of calculating a reflectivity of the screen of
the display device from information on a device type of
the image pickup device and the reference image data.

15

The image print method may further comprise
the step of calculating, from information on a device
type of the display device and the reflectivity,
transformation coefficients for modifying a gradation
of the original image into a gradation of the display
device.

20

The image print method may further comprise a
first transformation step of transforming, in
accordance with the information on the device type of
25 the image pickup device, the original image data
produced by the image pickup device into image data
representing luminance values of pixels.

30

The image print method may further comprise a
second transformation step of transforming, in
accordance with the information on the device type of
the display device, image data transformed in the first
transformation step into the reproduced image to be

1 displayed on the display device.

5 The image print method may further comprise a third transformation step of transforming, in accordance with gradation characteristics of the display device, image data transformed in the second transformation step into the reproduced image to be displayed on the display unit.

10 The image print method may further comprise a fourth transformation step of transforming, in accordance with the information on the device type of the image pickup device, the image data transformed in the third transformation step into image data representing luminance values of pixels.

15 The image print method may further comprise a fifth transformation step of transforming image data transformed in the fourth transformation step into image data which match reproduction gradation characteristics of the server monitor.

20 The image print method may further comprise a sixth transformation step of transforming image data transformed in the fifth transformation step into image data with a gradation matching a gradation of a printer.

25 The image print method may further comprise the step of editing the original image produced by the image pickup device into a desired image, wherein the print image data are edited using information obtained during the step of editing.

1 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

 The objects and features of the present invention will become more apparent from consideration of the following detailed description taken in
5 conjunction with the accompanying drawings in which:

 FIG. 1 schematically shows an embodiment of an electronic image print system in accordance with the present invention;

 FIG. 2 is a schematic block diagram showing
10 the major portion of a client system of the embodiment shown in FIG. 1;

 FIG. 3 is a schematic block diagram, like FIG. 2, showing the major portion of a server of the embodiment shown in FIG. 1;

 FIG. 4 schematically illustrates an example
15 of a reference image applied to the illustrative embodiment;

 FIG. 5 plots an example of the gamma characteristics of a display device in the embodiment;

 FIG. 6 plots an example of the image pickup characteristics of an electronic still camera in the
20 embodiment;

 FIG. 7 is a graph, similar to FIG. 5, useful for understanding a gradation modification in the
25 display device of the embodiment;

 FIG. 8 is a schematic block diagram useful for understanding data transformations in a server of the embodiment; and

 FIGS. 9-12 show a control flow implementing a
30 print method applied to the embodiment.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS

 Referring now to FIG. 1 showing an embodiment

1 of an image print system in accordance with the present
invention, the image print system functions as an image
editor system that is adapted to receive original image
data representing an image captured by a digital image
5 pickup device such as an electronic digital still
camera (DSC) 10, supply the original image data to a
client system 30 connected with a telecommunications
network such as the Internet 20, and transmit original
image data edited by the client system 30 to a server
10 50 to which a high resolution printer 40 is connected,
thereby printing out a picture represented by the
edited original image data. In the instant embodiment,
the server 50 may advantageously be installed in a
photofinishing laboratory, called a photo lab, and
15 functions as a photograph printer system which is
adapted to accept print requests from various
customers, and print their picked-up images into
printed pictures to hand them to the customers.

20 More specifically, the client system 30
consists of an information processor system such as a
personal computer (PC) including a communication device
accessible to the Internet 20, and functions as an
image editor that is adapted to display on a display
25 device 300 like a CRT (cathode-ray tube) or a liquid
crystal display an image picked up by the electronic
digital still camera 10, and edit the picked-up image
into a desired form of image. In particular, the
client system 30 in the present embodiment edits the
30 image by using image print application program
sequences downloaded from the server 50 over the
Internet 20, reproduces the edited image on the display
device 300, and transmits to the server 50 the edited

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1 original image data representative of the edited image.
As shown in a block diagram of FIG. 2, the client
system 30 of the embodiment generally comprises an
image data input subsection 310, a display processor
5 320, an image editor 330 and a data transmitter 340,
for example.

Referring to FIG. 2, the image data input
subsection 310 functions as an input interface that is
10 connected to the digital output of the electronic still
camera 10 to receive the original image data of an
image of an object captured in advance by the camera
10. The image data input subsection 310 includes an
input interface compatible with an input system such as
15 a serial input, e.g. RS-232C, and a storage medium,
e.g. a PC card or the like. It is preferable that the
client system 30 acquires, besides the original image
data, information representing the device type of the
electronic still camera 10 in use. The original image
20 data are obtained from the electronic still camera 10,
for example, by quantizing on a pixel-by-pixel basis
the intensity of imagewise light sensed by an image
pickup device such as a CCD (charge-coupled device) and
performing on resultant pixel data image processings
25 such as gamma correction and white balance adjustment
in accordance with the characteristics of the pixel
data thus obtained. The original image data are in the
form of digital data consisting of a predetermined
number of bits, and represented by primary colors R, G
30 and B (red, green and blue, respectively), for example.

The display processor 320 performs
processings such as the gamma correction on the

1 original image data supplied from the image data input
subsection 310 and on the image data under editing in
accordance with the characteristics of the display
device 300. In the illustrative embodiment, the
5 display processor 320 receives from the server 50 a
reference image of a predetermined pattern, and
displays the reference image on the display device 300
to determine the operation state, or the controlled
condition, of the display device 300. It is preferable
10 that the reference image is composed of rectangular,
picture patterns P representing a gradation in a gray
scale as shown in FIG. 4. In the present embodiment,
the rectangular patterns P are enclosed by a reference
frame Q in the form of lattice for image pickup. The
15 reference image displayed on the display device 300 is
also taken by the electronic still camera 10 that is
used to photograph the image to be printed, and is
brought into the client system 30 in the same manner as
the original image data to be printed.

20 In this connection, the contrast, brightness
and the like characteristics of the display device 300
can be freely set up with its control pad, not shown,
so that a user can carry out desired adjustments in
25 accordance with luminous or environment and his or her
visual acuity. Thus, the controlled state may vary
from user to user. In the instant embodiment, the
reference image including the gradation patterns P is
displayed on the screen of the display device 300, and
30 taken by the camera 10 in order to determine the
controlled state of the display device 300 from the
reference image data thus obtained by taking the
gradation patterns P. This makes it possible to

1 determine the operation state of the display device 300
such as its output light intensity or brightness.

Returning to FIG. 2, the image editor 330 is
5 a processor circuit which is adapted to edit an image
displayed on the display device 300 into a desired form
of image in response to the operation of the user. The
editor 330 reproduces a print image by using the
application program sequences provided from the server
10 50, and supplies the data transmitter 340 with
resultant image data representing that reproduced
image. The application program in the embodiment
executes, after downloaded, processings which include
selection of the device types of the monitor 300 and
15 electronic still camera 10 in use, display of the
reference image by the display processor 320, selection
of the luminous conditions during the image pickup of
the reference image, reception of the reference image
data, and reproduction, display and editing of the
20 image to be printed, etc. The selection of the
luminous or lighting conditions includes information on
a light source for lighting during photographing, such
as daylight, a stroboscope, a fluorescent lamp, to
establish the reference white of the electronic still
25 camera. The display of the reproduced image to be
printed includes information on tonal levels which are
reproduced by the high resolution printer 40 of that
device type connected to the server 50, and in
accordance with which the image data supplied from the
30 electronic still camera 10 are visualized after having
transformed.

1 The data transmitter 340 is adapted to
transfer the edited original image data processed by
the image editor 330 to the server 50 over the
Internet 20. The transmitter 340 functions in the
5 present embodiment as a file transfer circuit for
sequentially forming into suitable files the original
image data fed from the electronic still camera 10
reference image data taken by the electronic still
camera 10 for determining the controlled state of the
10 display device, luminous conditions encountered at the
time when the reference image is shot, information on
the device types of the monitor and electronic still
camera, and editing information.

15 The server 50 in the instant embodiment is a
host processor that is adapted to receive accesses
from a variety of client systems 30 over the Internet
20, and execute appropriate processings for specific
clients in response to their requests. The server 50
20 functions as a print processor for printing, with the
high resolution printer 40 connected to it, pictures
based on the edited original image data received from
each of the client systems 30 on the Internet 20. In
particular, in the present embodiment, the server 50
25 also serves as a data processor which processes the
edited original image data, associated with the user's
edited image, in accordance with the reference image
data obtained by photographing the reference image
displayed on the display device 300 of a specific
30 client system 30, such that the resultant image will be
appropriately reproduced in accordance with the
displayed state of the original image data on the
display device 300, and then supplies the resultant

1 processed data to the high resolution printer 40 for
printing. As shown in the functional block diagram of
FIG. 3, the server 50 generally comprises a
communication processor 510, a data analyzer 520, a
5 data transformer 530 and a print data output subsection
540, for example.

The communication processor 510 includes a
communication controller for forwarding and receiving
10 information to and from the client systems 30 over the
Internet 20. The processor 510 serves as a transmitter
and receiver for transmitting the application program
sequences in response to the access from the client
systems 30, and receives data of files associated with
15 the print images processed by the client systems 30.
The files received are supplied to the data analyzer
520 and data transformer 530.

The data analyzer 520 is adapted to extract
20 from the files, which are received from the respective
client systems 30 via the communication processor 510,
the reference image data representing the reference
image which is displayed on the display device 300 and
taken by the electronic still camera 10 of a specific
25 client, and analyzes the display condition on the
display device 300. The data analyzer 520 functions
in the present embodiment as a coefficient calculator
that includes, for respective device types of the
electronic still cameras 10 and display devices 300, a
30 device type information table defining the
characteristics of those devices. The data analyzer
520 is adapted to estimate the controlled state of the
display device 300 of a specific user with reference to

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1 the table and reference image data, and calculate the
transformation coefficients, in accordance with which
the edited original image data are transformed into the
data to be printed. It is preferable that the device
5 type information table includes, for a specific device
type, data representative of characteristics such as
the reference white, chromaticity coefficients of
specific colors, and the ICC (International Color
Consortium) profile including the gamma character-
10 istics, in the embodiment.

For example, as shown in FIG. 5, the output
light intensity of the display device 300 on the
vertical axis is determined by the gamma
15 characteristic of the display device 300 against the
normalized values of given R, G and B data, that is,
the gradation levels on the horizontal axis.
Generally, the relationships between the output light
intensity V and a voltage v applied to an indicator
20 device such as a CRT of the monitor in response to the
gradation level can be represented by the following
expression (1).

$$V = Av^{\gamma} \quad (1)$$

25 where A is a normalizing constant and γ is a gamma
coefficient, in which the logarithm of the output light
intensity V corresponds to the reflectivity of the
display device 300. In the instant embodiment, the
30 reflectivity on the screen of the display device 300 in
use is obtained from the luminous environment around
the display device 300 and the levels of the gradation
patterns P of the reference image which are obtained by

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1 shooting the reference image displayed on the display
device 300 by the electronic still camera 10 of the
user. In FIG. 6, in which the gamma characteristics
of the electronic still camera 10 are exemplified, the
5 horizontal axis represents the light input
corresponding to the scene reflectivity of the monitor
screen, and the vertical axis represents the camera
output corresponding to the gradation levels of the
reference image data. Thus, as shown in FIG. 6, the
10 output light intensity of the monitor corresponding to
the scene reflectivity represented on the horizontal
axis can be obtained from the reference image data,
that is, the output of the electronic still camera 10
represented on the vertical axis. Afterward,
15 transformation coefficients between the default state
601 and the actual operation state 603 of the display
device 300 can be obtained as shown in FIG. 7, and the
transformation coefficients are supplied to the data
transformer 530 to form a look-up table (LUT).

20 The data transformer 530 is a printing
processor adapted to transform the edited original
image data to be printed which are received from the
client system 30 into image data with the gradation
25 levels corresponding to the display state of the user
display device 300, and carries out processings for
printing the transformed data accordingly. In the
illustrative embodiment, the transformer 530 transforms
the R, G and B image data representing the edited
30 original image data in accordance with the image
sensing characteristics of the electronic still camera
10 employed by the user, the default characteristics of
the display device 300, and the transformation

1 coefficients supplied from the data analyzer 520,
thereby reproducing the object image data to be printed.

5 More specifically, the original image data
output from the electronic still camera 10 are
sequentially subjected to the following, first to
fourth transformations 611-614, as schematically shown
in FIG. 8:

(1) First transformation 611:

10 The R, G and B data (original image data) 617
output from the electronic still camera 10 are
transformed into the tristimulus X, Y and Z values 619
through linear R, G and B data 621, using the reference
white given by the luminous environment and the gamma
15 characteristics provided by the ICC profile, for
example, in the device type information table of the
electronic still camera 10.

(2) Second transformation 612:

20 The tristimulus X, Y and Z values 619 are
transformed into the R, G and B data 623 of the display
device 300 in the default state, using the gamma
characteristics and reference white provided by the ICC
profile of the display device 300, for example.

(3) Third transformation 613:

25 The R, G and B data 623 of the display device
300 in the default state are transformed into the R, G
and B data 625 of the display device 300 in the current
controlled state using the transformation coefficients
supplied from the data analyzer 520.

30 (4) Fourth transformation 614:

The R, G and B data 625 of the display device
300 in the current controlled state are transformed
into the tristimulus X, Y and Z values 627 using the

1 gamma characteristics and reference white provided by
the ICC profile of the display device 300, for example,
and the tristimulus X, Y and Z values 627 are further
transformed into the R, G and B data 629 of a server
5 monitor 60, FIG. 1, corresponding to the
characteristics of the printer 40.

Thus, the transformation between the
tristimulus X, Y and Z values and the R, G and B data
10 are carried out using the reference white, primary
color chromaticity coefficients and gamma character-
istics of the input and output devices. If the device
types are not selected, or their characteristics are
not provided in the device type information table, the
15 transformations can be carried out using the Z
transform based on the CIE D65 reference white, the
ITU-R BT.709 primary color chromaticity coefficients,
and the ITU-R BT.709 gamma characteristics.

20 In the present embodiment, the R, G and B
data obtained at the fourth transformation are further
transformed into the tone levels of the printer 40,
followed by adding the user editing information, by
transforming into the data that can be handled by the
25 printer 40, and by supplying to the printer 40 through
the print data output subsection 540.

Here, the transformation of the tristimulus
values X, Y and Z to the primary colors R, G and B of
30 the display device 300 can be performed by a matrix
transformation given by the following expression (2).

$$(B) \begin{bmatrix} R \\ G \\ B \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \end{bmatrix} \quad (2)$$

where B is a square matrix of order three, and its entries are obtained by the following procedure. First, assume that the tristimulus values X, Y and Z of the primary colors R, G and B are represented as follows.

Tristimulus values of R: XR, YR and ZR
 Tristimulus values of G: XG, YG and ZG
 Tristimulus values of B: XB, YB and ZB

When these primary colors become maximum, their tristimulus data (x_w , y_w , z_w) are each represented at mixed ratios given by the following expressions (3), (4) and (5).

$$a_r x_r + a_g x_g + a_b x_b = x_w \quad (3)$$

$$a_r y_r + a_g y_g + a_b y_b = y_w \quad (4)$$

$$a_r z_r + a_g z_g + a_b z_b = z_w \quad (5)$$

Normalizing those expressions by y_w gives the following expressions (6), (7) and (8).

$$a_r / y_w x_r + a_g / y_w x_g + a_b / y_w x_b = x_w / y_w \quad (6)$$

$$a_r / y_w y_r + a_g / y_w y_g + a_b / y_w y_b = 1 \quad (7)$$

$$a_r / y_w z_r + a_g / y_w z_g + a_b / y_w z_b = z_w / y_w \quad (8)$$

Replacing the normalized coefficients (a_r / y_w , a_g / y_w , a_b / y_w) with (a_r' , a_g' , a_b'), the following expression (9) is obtained.

$$\begin{bmatrix} x_r & x_g & x_b \\ y_r & y_g & y_b \\ z_r & z_g & z_b \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} a_r' \\ a_g' \\ a_b' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_w/y_w \\ 1 \\ z_w/y_w \end{bmatrix} \quad (9)$$

Thus, the relationships between the R, G and B and X, Y and Z of a given pixel are given by the following expression (10).

$$\begin{bmatrix} a_r' x_r & a_g' x_g & a_b' x_b \\ a_r' y_r & a_g' y_g & a_b' y_b \\ a_r' z_r & a_g' z_g & a_b' z_b \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} R \\ G \\ B \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} X \\ Y \\ Z \end{bmatrix} \quad (10)$$

The values R, G and B obtained here are each normalized to the white value at the maximum luminance. These values undergo the gamma correction of the display device, and the multiplication by a value corresponding to the number of bits, such as 255 in the case of eight bits, thereby obtaining the object R, G and B data.

Returning to FIG. 1, the high resolution printer 40 is adapted for printing a picture based on the image data processed by the server 50. For example, a thermal transfer type or thermal sublimative type full-color printer may be preferably applied.

In operation, with reference to the flowcharts of FIGS. 9 - 12, the user first operates the client system 30, and makes an access to the Internet 20 by using its telecommunications function. Thus, the client system 30 is connected to the server 50 through the Internet 20 at step S10, and downloads from the

1 server 50 the application program sequences for the
image printing, which include the gradation information
for the reproduction involved in printing, at step S12.

5 Subsequently, at step S14, the client system
30 inputs the information on the device type of the
display device 300 in use in accordance with the
instructions of the application program. The system 30
also inputs at step S16 the information on the device
10 type of the electronic still camera (ESC) 10 for
providing the original image to be printed. It is
preferable with the instant embodiment that the client
system 30 is adapted to obtain the device type
information on the electronic still camera 10 at the
15 time when the electronic still camera 10 is connected
to the client system 30. The device type information
input at steps S14 and S16 is stored afterward by the
data transmitter 340 together with other information
into a file for the transformation information.

20 At the next step S18, the display processor
320 has the display device 300 display the reference
image including the pictorial patterns P shown in FIG.
4, in response to the instructions of the application
25 program provided through the image editor 330. Then,
the user photographs with the electronic still camera
10 the reference image displayed on the display device
300 at step S20, and inputs the reference image data
and the information representing the lighting
30 conditions at that time from the camera 10 into the
client system 30, at step S22. The reference image data
are once stored in a RAM or hard disk of the client
system 30 through the image data input subsection 310,

1 and afterward supplied to the data transmitter 340
together with the edited original image data to be
printed, so that they are formed into a file.

5 At the following step S24, the client system
30 receives the original image data from the electronic
still camera 10, transforms it, in response to the
instructions of the application program, into the image
data with the gradation of printing, and displays the
10 transformed image on the display device 300 at step
S26. In the course of this, the original image data of
the captured original image are supplied to the data
transmitter 340 to be formed into the file.

15 Watching the image displayed on the display
device 300, the user edits at step S28 the displayed
image by manipulating the client system 30 to carry out
processings such as color correction on the displayed
image. In thurn, the image editor 330 sequentially
20 generates in response to the instructions of the
application program the editing information about the
image edited in accordance with the manipulations of
the user, and supplies the information to the data
transmitter 340.

25 Completing the image editing at step S30, the
user commands the file transfer at step S32. In
response, at step S34, the data transmitter 340
sequentially transfers to the server 50 over the
30 Internet 20 the files containing the edited original
image data generated from the original image data, the
reference image data and luminous information, the
information on the device types of the display device

1 300 and electronic still camera 10, and editing
information.

Subsequently, proceeding to step S50, FIG.
5 10, the server 50 extracts, from the files that are
transferred from the client system 30 and received by
the communication processor 510, the transformation
information J including the device type information and
editing information, the reference image data K
10 obtained by photographing the reference image, and the
edited original image data L associated with the
original image, and supplies them to the data analyzer
520 and data transformer 530.

In response to this, the data analyzer 520
15 extracts from the transformation information J the
device type information on the electronic still camera
10 at step S52, and prepares in accordance with the
information a device type information table such as the
20 ICC profile including the imaging characteristics
(gamma characteristics) of the electronic still camera
10 employed by the user. Then, at step S54, the data
analyzer 520 extracts from the reference image data K
the gradation values of the gray portions in the gray
25 scale patterns P shown in FIG. 4. Retrieving the
gradation values, the data analyzer 520 sequentially
calculates at step S56, from those values and the image
sensor characteristics given by the ICC profile, the
reflectivities on the monitor screen of the display
30 device 300 in the very state in which the user is
operating it, by the curve exemplarily shown in FIG. 6.

At the successive step S58, the data

1 analyzer 520 extracts from the transformation
information J the device type information on the user
display device 300, and prepares in accordance with the
information the ICC profile that will provide the
5 gradation characteristics (gamma characteristics) of
the display device 300 in the default state. Thus, the
data analyzer 520 sequentially obtains at step S60 the
transformation coefficients for transforming the image
data to be printed, by comparing the gradation
10 characteristics of the display device 300 in the
default with those of the display device 300 in the
actual operating state, which are obtained from the
reflectivities calculated at step S56. The
transformation coefficients obtained are supplied to
15 the data transformer 530 to be established in the form
of lookup table.

Receiving the image data of the edited
original image from the communication processor 510,
20 the data transformer 530 once transforms at step S62
the R, G and B data corresponding to the primary colors
of the original image into the tristimulus values X, Y
and Z using the ICC profile of the electronic still
camera 10, in the embodiment, prepared in the data
25 analyzer 520. Subsequently, the data transformer 530
transforms at step S64 the tristimulus values X, Y and
Z to the R, G and B data to be displayed on the display
device 300 using its gamma characteristics in the
default state which are given by the ICC profile.

30
At the next step S66, the data transformer
530, referencing the lookup table supplied from the
data analyzer 520, and using the transformation

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1 coefficients, sequentially transforms the R, G and B
data of the display device 300 in the default state,
into the R, G and B data of the display device 300 in
the very state in which the user was operating it.
5 The server 50 in turn transforms the edited original
image data corresponding to the original image captured
by the electronic still camera 10 into the image data
that exactly correspond to the image data displayed on
the display device 300 in the user's operating state.

10 At the next step S68, the data transformer
530 transforms the R, G and B data supplied from the
step S66 into the X, Y and Z values in accordance with
the ICC profile of the display device 300. Subsequent-
15 ly, the data transformer 530 further transforms at step
S70 the X, Y and Z values into the R, G and B data of
the server monitor 60 with transformation
characteristics reversal to those of the high
resolution printer 40. Then, the R, G and B data which
20 undergo the processing in accordance with the gradation
levels of the print reproduction, are edited in
accordance with the edit information.

25 The resultant image data are further
subjected to the transformation reversal to the print
reproduction gradation levels, and are printed by the
high resolution printer 40.

30 According to the illustrative embodiment of
the image print system, the original image captured by
the electronic still camera 10 in any of the client
systems 30 is displayed on the display device 300 which
is adjusted by the user's preference, undergoes editing

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1 such as color correction on the screen of the display
device 300, and is sent on the Internet 20 to the
server 50 installed in the photofinishing laboratory or
the like. In this connection, the reference image,
5 which is displayed on the screen of the display device
300 in the specific patterns, is also taken by the
electronic still camera 10 that is used to capture the
original image to be printed, and the data represent-
ative of picked-up image data are transferred to the
10 server together with the edited original image data.
Thus, the server 50 can accurately recognize the
controlled state of the display device 300.

In addition, the information on the device
15 types of the electronic still camera 10 and display
device 300 in use is sent to the server 50 which has
the device type information table representing the
characteristics of the employed equipment, such as the
ICC profile. The server 50 can therefore obtain the
20 transformation coefficients by comparing the gradation
characteristics of the display device 300 in its
default state with those of the display device 300 in
its current operative state using the reference image
data and the device type information, so that the
25 server 50 can reproduce the original image from the
edited original image data sent from the client system
30 in the exact state in which the original image is
displayed on the display device 300 of the user. As a
result, the server 50 can effectively reproduce the
30 original image data which are individually edited on
the display device whose controlled state differs from
user to user, in a manner just as the user watches on
the display device.

Although the application program sequences including the reference image data for printing picture are distributed from the server 50 to each client system 30 over the Internet 20, they may also be distributed to the client's processors through other storage or recording media such as a CD-ROM.

Besides, although the reference image to be displayed on the display device 300 consists of the gray scale patterns P ranging from black to white, the present invention can employ other patterns which allow the display device to definitely present how it displays its gray scale. For example, any patterns such as electronic color samples that the server recognizes in advance can also be applied.

As described above, the image print system in accordance with the present invention displays the image, which is acquired by the digital image pickup device, on a display device in a processor (client system); displays, when printing the image, which is confirmed on the display device, by the printer in another processor (server), the reference image with a specific picture pattern on the screen of the display device in the client system; picks up the reference image displayed on the screen of the display device with the image pickup device that captures the image to be printed; and transmits to the server the reference image data together with the image data of the image to be printed. This makes it possible for the server to accurately recognize the controlled state of the display device in accordance with the reference image

1 data, to accurately reproduce the image data to be
printed, which is displayed on the screen of the
display device, and to effectively print the desired
image based on the image data. As a result, the sever
5 can accurately reproduce and print the image, which is
sent from any of the multiple user's systems connected
to the Internet, for example, just as that image is
displayed on the display device, independently of the
controlled state of the specific display device.

10

The entire disclosure of Japanese patent
application No. 233415/1997 filed on August 29, 1997
including the specification, claims, accompanying
drawings and abstract of the disclosure is incorporated
15 herein by reference in its entirety.

While the present invention has been
described with reference to the particular
illustrative embodiments, it is not to be restricted by
those embodiments. It is to be appreciated that those
20 skilled in the art can change or modify the embodiments
without departing from the scope and spirit of the
present invention.

25

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1 1. An image print system comprising:
- a first processor for receiving original
image data representing an original image of an object
and generated by an image pickup device picking up the
5 original image, and for processing the original image
data;
- said first processor comprising a display
device for displaying an image based on the original
image data for confirmation of the image; and
- 10 a second processor connected with a printer
for receiving the original image data from said first
processor, performing a print processing on the
original image data, and supplying said printer with
image data obtained in the print processing;
- 15 said first processor comprising:
- a display processor for displaying a
reproduced image, which represents an image to be
printed, on said display device in accordance with the
original image data, and for displaying on said display
20 device a reference image for detection of a controlled
state of a screen of said display device; and
- a data transmitter for receiving, from said
image pickup device, reference image data generated
from said image pickup device capturing the reference
25 image displayed on said display device, and for
transmitting the reference image data together with the
original image data,
- said second processor restoring, using the
reference image data sent from said first processor, a
30 display state of the reproduced image displayed on
said display device, generating print image data

representing a print image from image data associated with the restored display state, and supplying said printer with the print image data.

1 2. The image print system in accordance with claim 1, further comprising a client-server system interconnecting said first processor to said second processor by a communication line.

1 3. The image print system in accordance with claim 2, wherein said display processor displays on said display device the reproduced image in a first gradation matching to a second gradation of said
5 printer connected to said second processor.

1 4. The image print system in accordance with claim 3, wherein said display processor receives information representing the second gradation from said second processor over said communication line, and
5 displays on said display device the reproduced image in the first gradation provided by said information received.

1 5. The image print system in accordance with claim 3, wherein said display processor is provided with information on the second gradation of said
5 printer through a storage medium, and displays on said display device the reproduced image in the first gradation obtained from the information provided through the storage medium.

1 6. The image print system in accordance with claim 1, wherein said data transmitter transmits to

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said second processor information on device types of
said display device and said image pickup device,
5 besides the original image data and the reference image
data.

1 7. The image print system in accordance with
claim 6, wherein said second processor comprises:

a data transformer for executing a first
transformation of transforming the original image data
5 in accordance with characteristics associated with the
device type of said image pickup device;

a second transformer for transforming the data
transformed by said first transformer in accordance
with characteristics associated with the device type of
10 said display device;

a third transformer for transforming the data
transformed by said second transformer in accordance
with the display state provided by the reference image
data; and

15 a fourth transformer for transforming the
data transformed by said third transformer in
accordance with characteristics of said printer.

1 8. The image print system in accordance with
claim 1, wherein said first processor further comprises
an editor for editing the original image into a desired
image, said data transmitter transmitting information
5 generated by said editor to said second data processor
together with the original image data.

1 9. A method of printing an image, comprising
the steps of:

capturing an original image by an image

pickup device;

5 displaying the original image captured by the
image pickup device on a display device as a
reproduced image;

 displaying on a screen of the display device
a reference image for detection of a controlled state
10 of the display device;

 capturing the reference image displayed on
the screen by the image pickup device to produce
reference image data;

 estimating a displayed state of the
15 reproduced image displayed on the display device from
the reference image data;

 restoring print image data representing a
print image associated with the reproduced image on the
basis of the estimated, displayed state of the
20 reproduced image to be displayed on a server monitor;

 performing a printing processing on the print
image data; and

 printing an image represented by the print
image data performed with the printing processing.

1 10. The method in accordance with claim 9,
wherein the reference image comprises a picture pattern
representing gradation levels.

1 11. The method in accordance with claim 9,
further comprising the step of calculating a
reflectivity of the screen of the display device from
information on a device type of the image pickup
5 device and the reference image data.

1 12. The method in accordance with claim 11,

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further comprising the step of calculating, from information on a device type of the display device and the reflectivity, transformation coefficients for
5 modifying a gradation of the original image into a gradation of the display device.

1 13. The method in accordance with claim 12,
further comprising a first transformation step of transforming, in accordance with the information on the device type of the image pickup device, the original
5 image data captured by the image pickup device into image data representing luminance values of pixels.

1 14. The method in accordance with claim 13,
further comprising a second transformation step of transforming, in accordance with the information on the device type of the display device, image data
5 transformed in the first transformation step into the reproduced image to be displayed on the display device.

1 15. The method in accordance with claim 14,
further comprising a third transformation step of transforming, in accordance with gradation characteristics of the display device, image data
5 transformed in the second transformation step into the reproduced image to be displayed on the display device.

1 16. The method in accordance with claim 15,
further comprising a fourth transformation step of transforming, in accordance with the information on the device type of the image pickup device, the image data
5 transformed in the third transformation step into image data representing luminance values of pixels.

1 17. The method in accordance with claim 16,
further comprising a fifth transformation step of
transforming image data that is transformed in said
fourth transformation step into image data that matches
5 reproduction gradation characteristics of the server
monitor.

1 18. The method in accordance with claim 17,
further comprising a sixth transformation step of
transforming image data that is transformed in said
fifth transformation step into image data with a
5 gradation matching a gradation of a printer.

1 19. The method in accordance with claim 9,
further comprising the step of editing the original
image captured by the image pickup device into a
desired image,

5 said step of performing the printing
processing comprising the step of using information
obtained during the step of editing to modify the print
image data.

ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

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An image print system including a client system connected to a server through the Internet. The client system makes an access to the server. In response to the access, the server delivers an application program including a reference image containing a picture pattern for detecting a controlled state of a display device in the client system. The client system displays on the display device the reference image taken by an image pickup device photographing an original image to be printed. Receiving the reference image data and the original image data from the image pickup device, the client system transfers them to the server. The server reproduces, in accordance with the reference image data, the original image data exactly as viewed on the display device, and supplies a printer with image data obtained by adding a print processing to the reproduced image data to be printed out. This enables the original image to be reproduced just as displayed on the display device of any user.

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Fig. 1

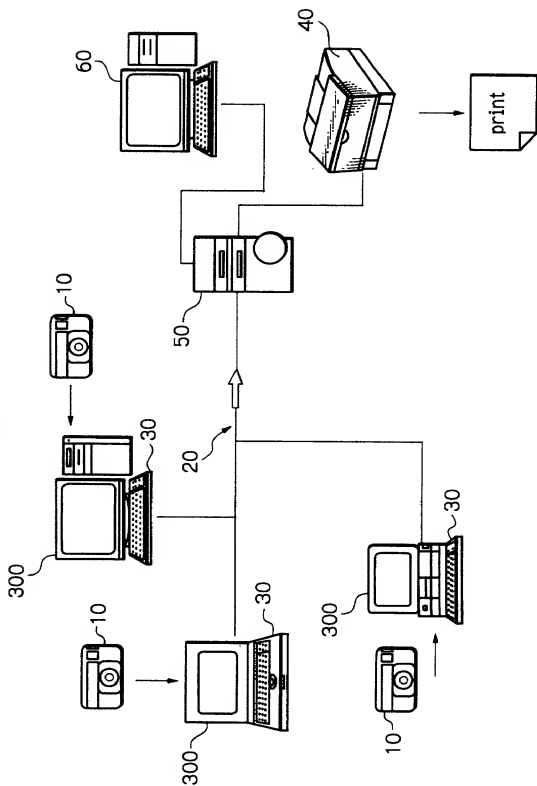


Fig. 3

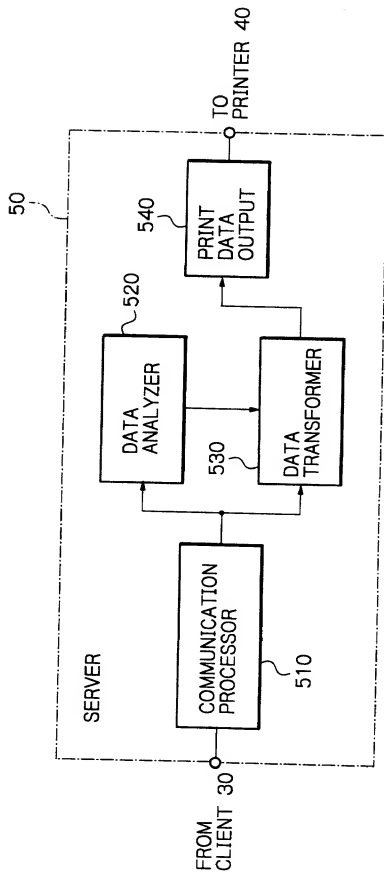


Fig. 4

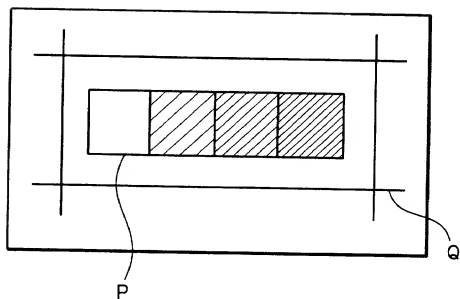


Fig. 5

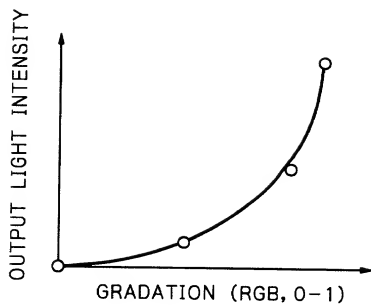


Fig. 6

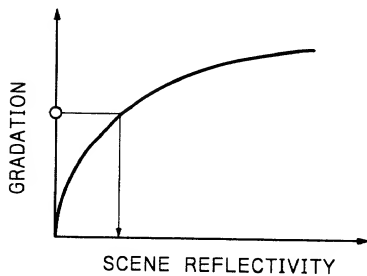


Fig. 7

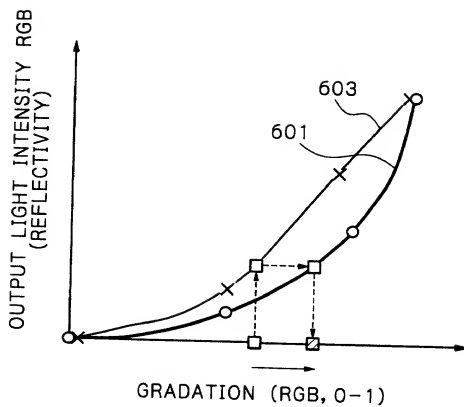


Fig. 8

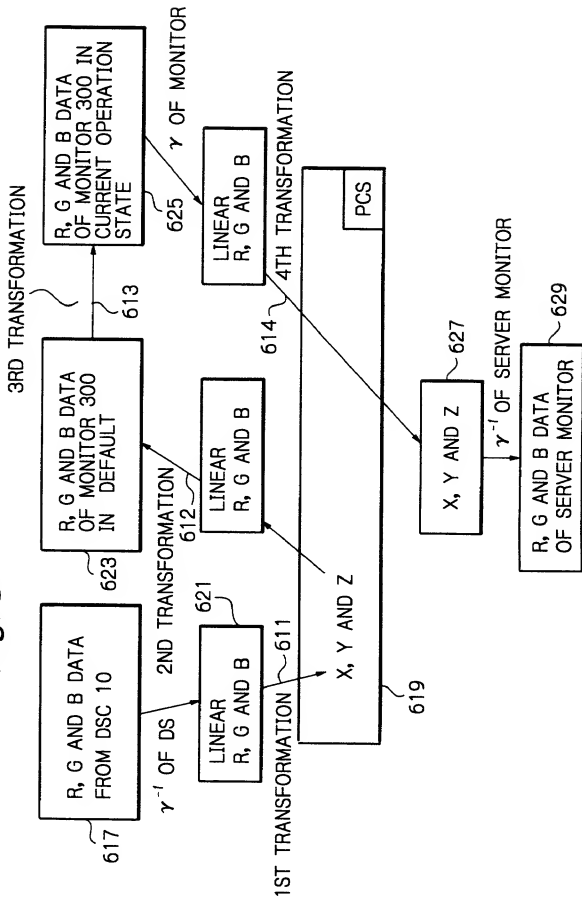


Fig. 9

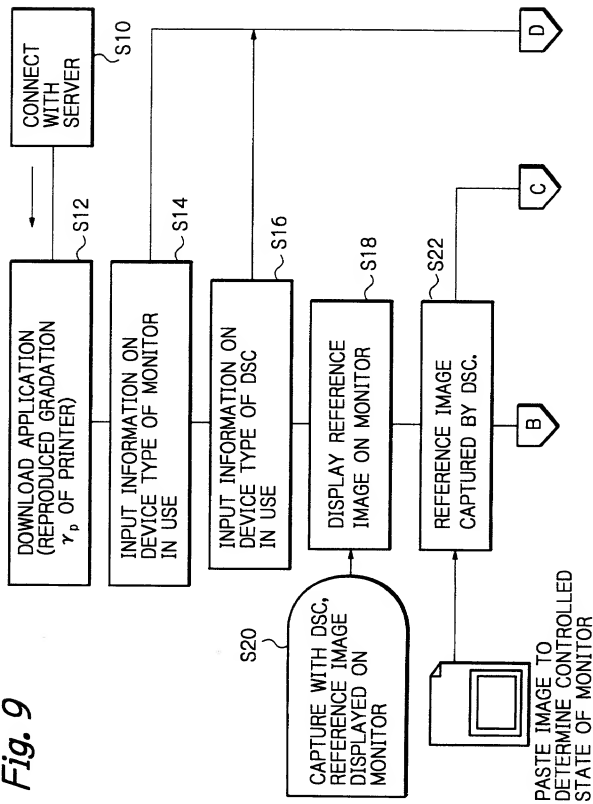
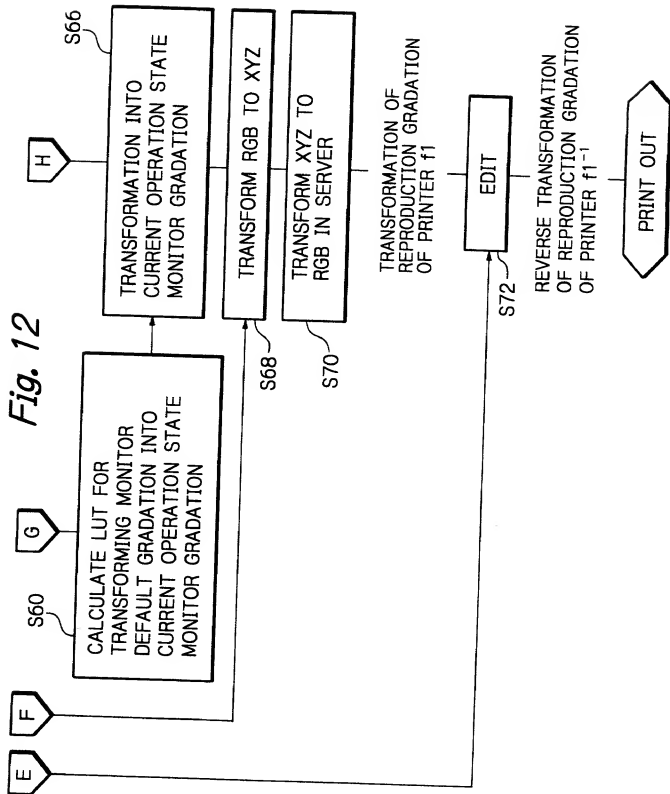


Fig. 12



Declaration and Power of Attorney for Patent Application

特許出願宣言書及び委任状

Japanese Language Declaration

日本語宣言書

下記の氏名の発明者として、私は以下の通り宣言します。

As a below named inventor, I hereby declare that:

私の住所、私書箱、国籍は下記の私の氏名の後に記載された通りです。

My residence, post office address and citizenship are as stated next to my name,

下記の名称の発明に関して請求範囲に記載され、特許出願している発明内容について、私が最初かつ唯一の発明者（下記の氏名が一つの場合）もしくは最初かつ共同発明者であると（下記の名称が複数の場合）信じています。

I believe I am the original, first and sole inventor (if only one name is listed below) or an original, first and joint inventor (if plural names are listed below) of the subject matter which is claimed and for which a patent is sought on the invention entitled

SYSTEM FOR AND METHOD OF PRINTING

IMAGE ACCORDING TO CONTROLLED

STATE OF USER MONITOR

the specification of which is attached hereto unless the following box is checked:

☐ 月 日 に提出され、米国出願番号または特許協定条約

☐ was filed on _____
as United States Application Number or
PCT International Application Number

国際出願番号を _____ とし、

（該当する場合） _____ に訂正されました。

_____ and was amended on

_____ (if applicable).

私は、特許請求範囲を含む上記訂正後の明細書を検討し、内容を理解していることをここに表明します。

I hereby state that I have reviewed and understand the contents of the above-identified specification, including the claims, as amended by any amendment referred to above.

私は、連邦規則法典第37編第1条56項に定義されるとおり、特許資格の有無について重要な情報を開示する義務があることを認めます。

I acknowledge the duty to disclose information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56.

Japanese Language Declaration

(日本語宣言書)

私は、米国法典第35編第119条(a)-(d)項又は第365条(b)項に基づき下記の、米国以外の国の少なくとも一カ国を指定している特許協力条約第365条(a)項に基づく国際出願、又は外国での特許出願もしくは発明者証の出願についての外国優先権をここに主張するとともに、優先権を主張している本出願の前に出願された特許または発明者証の外国出願を以下に、枠内をマークすることで、示しています。

I hereby claim foreign priority under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119(a)-(d) or 365(b) of any foreign application(s) for patent or inventor's certificate, or 365(a) of any PCT International application which designated at least one country other than the United States, listed below and have also identified below, by checking the box, any foreign application for patent or inventor's certificate, or PCT International application having a filing date before that of the application on which priority is claimed.

Prior Foreign Applications

外国での先行出願

233415/1997(Number)
(番号)Japan(Country)
(国名)29 August, 1997(Day/Month/Year Filed)
(出願年月日)(Number)
(番号)(Country)
(国名)(Day/Month/Year Filed)
(出願年月日)(Number)
(番号)(Country)
(国名)(Day/Month/Year Filed)
(出願年月日)

私は、第35編米国法典119条(e)項に基づいて下記の米国特許出願規定に記載された権利をここに主張致します。

I hereby claim the benefit under Title 35, United States Code, Section 119(e) of any United States provisional application(s) listed below.

(Application No.)
(出願番号)
(Filing Date)
(出願日)
(Application No.)
(出願番号)
(Filing Date)
(出願日)

私は、下記の米国法典第35編第120条に基づいて下記の米国特許出願に記載された権利、又は米国を指定している特許協力条約第365条(c)に基づき権利をここに主張します。又、本出願の各請求範囲の内容が米国法典第35編第112条第1項又は特許協力条約で規定された方法で先行する米国特許出願に開示されない限り、その先行米国出願書提出日以後で本出願書の日本国内又は特許協力条約国際出願提出日までの期間中に入手された、連邦規則法典第37編第1条第56項で定義された特許資格の有無に関する重要な情報について開示義務があることを認識しています。

I hereby claim the benefit of Title 35, United States Code Section 120 of any United States application(s), or 365(c) of any PCT International application designating the United States, listed below and, insofar as the subject matter of each of the claims of this application is not disclosed in the prior United States or PCT International application in the manner provided by the first paragraph of Title 35, United States Code Section 112, I acknowledge the duty to disclose any material information which is material to patentability as defined in Title 37, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 1.56 which became available between the filing date of the prior application and the national or PCT International filing date of this application.

(Application No.)
(出願番号)
(Filing Date)
(出願日)
(Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned)
(現況: 特許許可済、係属中、放棄済)
(Application No.)
(出願番号)
(Filing Date)
(出願日)
(Status: Patented, Pending, Abandoned)
(現況: 特許許可済、係属中、放棄済)

私は、私自身の知識に基づいて本宣言中で私が行う表明が真実であり、かつ私の入手した情報と私の信ずるところに基づく表明が全て真実であると信じていること、さらに故意になされた虚偽の表明及びそれと同等の行為は米国法典第18編第1001条に基づき、罰金または拘禁、もしくはその両方により処罰されること、そしてそのような故意による虚偽の声明を行えば、出願した、又は既に許可された特許の有効性が失われることを認識し、よってここに上記のごとく宣誓を致します。

I hereby declare that all statements made herein of my own knowledge are true and that all statements made on information and belief are believed to be true; and further that these statements were made with the knowledge that willful false statements and the like so made are punishable by fine or imprisonment, or both, under Section 1001 of Title 18 of the United States Code and that such willful false statements may jeopardize the validity of the application or any patent issued thereon.

Japanese Language Declaration

(日本語宣言書)

委任状: 私は、下記の発明者として、本出願に関する一切の
手続きを米国特許商標局に対して遂行する弁理士又は代理人
として、下記のもの指名致します。(弁理士、又は代理人の
氏名及び登録番号を明記のこと)

POWER OF ATTORNEY: As a named inventor, I hereby
appoint the following attorney(s) and/or agent(s) to
prosecute this application and transact all business in the
Patent and Trademark Office connected therewith (list
name and registration number)

John H. Mion, Reg. No. 18,879; Thomas J. Macpeak, Reg. No. 19,292; Robert J. Seas, Jr., Reg. No. 21,092;
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